The World Mosquito Program has partnered with the Fiji Government to bring our Wolbachia method to local communities in Suva and the Central corridor, and Lautoka and Nadi in the Western Division.

Funded by the Australian Government Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade and NZAID, and in partnership with the Fiji Government Ministry of Health and Medical Services and Live and Learn Environmental Education, the program began in November 2017.

Since then the program has engaged with communities, received endorsement from the Community Reference Groups, released adult Wolbachia mosquitoes on the ground and from unmanned aerial vehicles (thanks to WeRobotics, Pacific Flying Labs Fiji, Fiji Drone Services and USAID) and were supported by Rotary.

The Ministry of Health and Medical Services has agreed to continue long-term monitoring of the local mosquito populations to provide information about the level of protection provided by the Wolbachia method.

**Project start**
- Suva (Central) Nov 2017
- Lautoka and Nadi (Western) Jan 2019

**Community engagement**
- Suva (Central) Apr 2018
- Lautoka and Nadi (Western) Apr 2019

**Release phase**
- 2018
- 2019

**Ongoing monitoring**
- from 2019

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**MOSQUITO- BORNE DISEASE BURDEN IN FIJI**

Dengue outbreaks of varying magnitude have been documented in Fiji since 1971. Large epidemics of different serotypes occurred in 1997–98 and 2013–14, with small sporadic outbreaks in between. Since 2014, the incidence of dengue in Fiji has remained high and there have been regular smaller outbreaks.

Chikungunya and Zika have been reported sporadically since 2015.

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**PUBLIC ACCEPTANCE measured by survey**
- 98% Suva
- 96% Lautoka
- 97% Nadi

**MONASH/WMP used reasonable efforts to confirm this data was up-to-date at the time of publication. Please email contact@worldmosquito.org for our most recent data.**
I think about all the initiatives we're used to, like spraying and clean-up campaigns. While these are good, the World Mosquito Program’s work is a big step towards a more sustainable and environmentally friendly approach to combating mosquito-borne diseases like dengue.

- Evisake Wainiqolo, Central Division Community Reference Group

Turaga ni Koro Joji Satala’s story

One of the responsibilities of Joji Satala, Turaga ni Koro of Namoli Village, is to communicate about anything to do with community development, including the World Mosquito Program’s Wolbachia method.

He made sure World Mosquito Program staff participated in village meetings and larger communal meetings attended by village chiefs across the Western Division.

Most Fijians already know the symptoms of dengue fever – how it feels and how it spreads. Joji remembers an outbreak of dengue fever in the Lautoka and Nadi areas, with mostly children affected. More recently, there were a couple of cases in the tourism hub of Nadi.

This made him think “we have to work hard and we have to work fast – this is happening now.”

Joji thinks that the impact of the Wolbachia method will be massive in Fiji and across the world.

Further information:
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About us

The World Mosquito Program (WMP) is a not-for-profit group of companies owned by Monash University that works to protect the global community from mosquito-borne diseases. The World Mosquito Program uses naturally occurring bacteria called Wolbachia to reduce the ability of mosquitoes to transmit viruses to humans.

Following decades of research and successful field trial results, the World Mosquito Program is currently partnering with communities in 14 countries around the world to implement our ground-breaking solution. We have staff working in countries across Oceania, Asia, Europe, and the Americas, and offices established in Australia, Vietnam, France and Panama.

Our approach has widespread support from communities, governments, research institutes and philanthropic partners around the world. Through collaboration and innovation, we are making a difference to millions of lives.